would appear in a mountain ash tree or hedge of barberry or high bush cranberries, and stay several days, until every berry was eaten. Mr. Charles Douglas, of Waukegan, also reports several flocks there, and many were seen later in December by Mr. Stoddard among the sanddunes near Gary, N. W. Indiana. This is a rare bird here, and it is the first time I have ever seen it alive.—Henry K. Coale, Highland Park, Itl.

The Yellow-Throated Warbler in Central New York.—A Correction.—Mr. J. T. Nichols has kindly called my attention to an omission in my note (Oct., 1919, pp. 580, 581, The Auk, XXXVI) on this species. The date of the record is missing. It should be May 23, 1919, and the phrase "he replied" should appear "I replied."—A. H. WRIGHT, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.

The Louisiana Water-Thrush Breeding at Graniteville, Aiken County, South Carolina.—I am indebted to Misses Marion Jay Pellew and Louise Petigru Ford for the privilege of announcing the breeding of the above species at Graniteville, S. C. These ladies observed three young birds being fed by their parents during the early part of May, 1919. About ten years ago Mr. B. F. Taylor, of Columbia, S. C., found a nest containing eggs and the bird setting near Columbia. This breeding of the Louisiana Water-Thrush in the Lower Austral life zone is certainly surprising because Mr. Leverett Mills Loomis during all the years he spent at Chester, S. C., studying birds found this species a very rare migrant, and did not detect it breeding. In 'The Auk' (Vol. VIII, 1891, p. 172) Mr. Loomis has the following: "This species has been taken only upon three occasions, viz., Aug. 10, 1887; July 25 and 31, 1888." Chester is certainly in, or very near, the Upper Austral life zone.—Arthur T. Wayne, Mt. Pleasant, S. C.

Elminia Bonaparte Preoccupied.—The genus of Muscicapidae hitherto known as Elminia Bonaparte (Compt. Rend. Sci. Nat., XXXVIII, 1854, pp. 388, 652; type, Myiagra longicauda Swainson) is apparently in need of a new name. It is invalidated by Elminius King (Zool. Journ., V, 1831, p. 334) for a genus of Crustacea. As it appears to have no other name, it may stand as Erannornis (ἐραγνὸς, delicatus; ὄρνις, avis) nom. nov., with Myiagra longicauda Swainson as type. The species referable to this generic group are as follows:

Erannornis longicauda (Swainson).

Erannornis teresita (Antinori).

Erannornis schwebischi (Ouslalet).

Erannornis albicauda (Bocage).—HARRY C. OBERHOLSER, Washington, D. C.